Place Value Addition and Subtraction

Multiplication and Division

1. Count to and across 100 forwards and backwards beginning with 0,1 or any given number .
2. Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals from 0 in twos, fives and tens.
3. Write numerals from 1 to 20 in words.
4. Begin to recognise simple fractions and know that all parts must be equal parts of the whole, including halves and quarters.
5. Read, write and interpret mathematical statements including addition ( + ), subtraction $(-)$ and equals $(=)$ signs.

6a. Add and subtract to 20 , including a two digit number and ones.
6 b. A two digit number and tens where no regrouping is required.
6c. Demonstrate their method using concrete operations or pictorial representations.
7. Recognise and know different denominations of coins and notes.

8a. Recognise and name shapes from a group of shapes or pictures of the shapes triangles, rectangles, squares, circles.
8b. Cuboids, cubes, pyramids, spheres
8c. Describe position, direction and movement for whole and half turns.
8c. Quarter and three quarter turns.

| MATHEMATICAL LANGUAGE | MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION | MEASUREMENT | SHAPE AND GEOMETRY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3. Write numerals from 1 to 20 in words. | 21.Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2,5 and 10 multiplictaion tables, including recognising odd and even numbers <br> 22.Calculate mathematical statementd for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication, division and equals signs. <br> 23.Show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot. 24.Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts | 27.Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm}$ ); mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ); temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ); capacity (litres $/ \mathrm{ml}$ ) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels <br> 28.Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and = <br> 29.Recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value <br> 30. Use different coins to make the same amount. <br> 31.Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change <br> 32.Compare and sequence intervals of time <br> 33.Tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter <br> past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times <br> 34.know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day. <br> 35a. Read scales in a practical situation where all numbers on the scale are given in divisions of ones/twos . <br> 35b. Fives/tens. | 36.Identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line <br> 37. Identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces <br> 38. Identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid] <br> 39. Compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects |
| PLACE VALUE | FRACTIONS, DECIMALS AND PERCENTAGES |  | DIRECTION AND POSITION |
| 9a. Recall and use multiplication and division facts to solve simple problems, demonstrating an understanding of commutativity as necessary $2 x$ <br> 9b. $5 x$ <br> 9c. 10x <br> 9d. 3x <br> 10.Compare and order numbers from 0 to 100 ; use < , > and = signs <br> 11.Read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and words <br> 12.Use place value and number facts to solve problems | 25. Identify $1 / 3,1 / 4,1 / 2,2 / 4,3 / 4$ and know that all parts must be equal parts of the whole. <br> 26. Write simple fractions for example, $1 / 2$ of $6=3$ and recognise the equivalence of $2 / 4$ and $1 / 2$ |  | 40. Order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences <br> 41. Use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anticlockwise) |
| ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION |  |  | STATISTICS AND DATA HANDLING |
| 13.Solve problems with addition and subtraction using concrete objects and pictorial representations <br> 14. Add and subtract numbers and can demonstrate their method using concrete apparatus or pictorial representations. <br> 14a. a two digit number and ones <br> 14b. a two digit number and tens <br> 14c. two two-digit numbers <br> 14d. adding three one-digit numbers <br> 15.Show that addition of two digit numbers can be done in any order (communtative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot 16.Applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods <br> 17. Partition two-digit numbers into different combinations of tens and ones. This may include using apparatus. <br> 18. Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts to 100 . <br> 19. Recognise the inverse relationships between addition and subtraction use this to check calculations. <br> 20. Use estimation to check that their answers to a calculation are reasonable . |  |  | 42a. Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories. <br> 42 b . Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data. <br> 42c. Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables |

